God's Story, Our Story

Lesson 6: Prayer (CCC 2559-2742) Our Response to God's Revelation

"Prayer is the encounter of God's thirst with ours. God thirsts that we may thirst for him." (CCC 2560)



CCC 2558-65

1. Prayer is:

- a. Our response to God's revelation.
- b. Raising one's mind and heart to God.
- c. Asking good things from God.
- d. Living communion with God our good Father.
- e. In the context of God's covenant with mankind.

CCC 2559, 2562

2. Prayer must come from the heart, grounded in honesty and

CCC 2566-7

Gen 3:8

8:20-9:17

Gen 18, 22

- humility. "Man is a beggar before God." 3. Every man has a desire for his Creator, for man is made for
- from Him, God calls to each person to prayer. 4. Prayer is always God's initiative. Even man's desire to pray is in response to His first loving and calling man.

God and is in search of Him. Even if man forgets God or hides

- 5. Before the fall, man enjoyed full communion with God.
- 6. After the fall, prayer takes on different forms: offering sacrifices, calling upon the name of the Lord, and walking with God, as seen in the lives of Abel, Enosh, Enoch, and Noah.
- 7. Abraham submitted to God and obeyed him; he erected altars, spoke to God, and interceded for Sodom; his faith was tested in being asked to sacrifice his son.
- 8. Jacob experienced prayer as a battle and test of perseverance.
- 9. Moses encountered God in the burning bush, who revealed to him His name. Moses, a humble man, spoke to God face to face, and interceded for his people.

Gen 28:10-22; Gen 32:24-30, CCC 2573

Gen 4:26, 5:24, 6:9,

CCC 2575-77, Ex 3; Ex 33:11; Num 12:3; Ex 31:1-34:9

CCC 2578 1 Sam 3:9-10, 12:23 2 Sam 7:18-24 1Kings 10:61 CCC 2579-80 2 Chron 7:14

- CCC 2581, 2584

- 10. Prayer in God's Dwelling:
 - a. The prayer of Israel flourished in the tabernacle/temple.
 - b. King David is a king "after God's own heart," because he prays with humility, fidelity, joy, trust, and love.
 - c. Solomon built the Temple of Jerusalem as a house of prayer for all nations.
- 11. The *Prophets*, whose mission was to educate the people in faith and lead them to conversion of heart, were nourished by their prayerful encounters with God.
- 12. The Psalms are a masterwork of prayer. They recall God's marvelous deeds while expressing the heart of the psalmist. The Psalter is the book in which the Word of God becomes man's prayer.

CCC 2587

CCC 2599-2602	13. Jesus taught us and showed us how to pray in his life and teachings. His own life of prayer was the perfect model of intimacy and communion with the Father.
Mt 6:5-7 Mt 5:23-26, 6:14-15 Lk 18:9-14	 14. Conditions for effective prayer: a. Conversion of heart, forgiving others b. Humility: The Pharisee and the tax collector. c. Faith, filial boldness and confidence
Lk 11:5-13 Lk 18:1-8	 d. Patience and perseverance. The importunate friend and the importunate widow.
CCC 1430, cf. Ps 51 CCC 2628-43	 15. Six Forms of prayer: a. Contrition is interior repentance and conversion of heart. b. Petition is asking God to answer our needs. c. Intercession is asking on behalf of another. d. Thanksgiving is thanking God for His works. e. Praise lauds God for His own sake, because HE IS. f. Adoration exalts the greatness of God in silence.
CCC 2650	16. Prayer cannot only be spontaneous: one must <i>learn</i> how to pray. Sources of Prayer include Scripture, the Psalter, liturgy, communal prayer, and the prayers of the saints.
	17. One should pray in <i>faith</i> and <i>hope</i> , with <i>love</i> as both the source and goal of prayer.
CCC 2700-2719	18. Prayer can be expressed in <i>vocal</i> prayer, <i>meditation</i> and <i>contemplation</i> .
CCC 2725	19. Prayer is a <i>battle</i> that requires <i>effort</i> . <i>Difficulties and temptations in prayer</i> include: distraction, dryness, lack of faith, and acedia (lax ascetical practice, carelessness of heart).
CCC 2728, 2734, 2737, 2742	20. Prayer is a vital necessity for every person and should be sought in humility, trust, love, and perseverance.

Questions for Discussion

- 1. Who initiates the prayerful encounter between man and God?
- 2. What is more important, to pray written prayers, or to spontaneously pray from the heart?
- 3. What did Jesus teach about prayer, by word and by example?
- 4. What are some conditions for our prayer to be heard?
- 5. What are some forms of prayer?
- 6. What are some sources of prayer?
- 7. Is prayer easy? Is it necessary? Why?
- 8. Name some obstacles to prayer. How can we overcome these obstacles?